

Anti-Myc Magnetic Beads

Product Description

The Biolinkedin® Anti-Myc Magnetic Beads are used for immunoprecipitation (IP) of specific Myc-tagged proteins expressed in human in vitro expression systems and bacterial and mammalian cell lysates. Anti-Myc magnetic beads are based on carboxyl magnetic beads, with 200 nm particle size, covalently coupling with high quality mouse IgG monoclonal antibody that recognizes the Myc-epitope tag (EQKLISEEDL) derived from the human Myc protein. For IP, the beads are added to a sample containing Myc-tagged proteins. The bound Myc-tagged proteins are dissociated from the beads using an elution buffer. The beads are removed from the solution manually using a magnetic stand or by automation

Product Features

| Composition | mouse IgG ₁ monoclonal Ab |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Magnetization | Superparamagnetic |
| Particle size | 200 nm |
| Concentration | 10 mg/mL |
| Binding Capacity | ≥ 0.5 mg Myc-tagged fusion protei |
| | n/mL of beads |
| Application | IP, CoIP |
| Storage Condition | Store at 4°C for 2 years. |

Protocol

1. Cell lysis

Cells may be lysed using any standard cell lysis protocol compatible with your starting material. We recommend the use of **Biolinkedin® IP Lysis/Wash Buffer**. Add protease inhibitor (such as PMSF at 1mM) if needed.

2. Preparation of Magnetic Beads

- 2.1 Resuspend the Magnetic Beads in the vial (tilt and rotate for 2 minutes or gently pipette for 10 times).
- 2.2 Transfer 25-50 µL of Anti-Myc Magnetic Beads into a
- 1.5 mL tube (Transfer amount may be adjusted as required).
- 2.3 Add 500 μ L of IP Lysis/Wash Buffer to the beads and gently pipette to mix. Place the tube into a magnetic stand to collect the beads against the side of the tube (Herein after referred to as magnetic separation).

Remove and discard the supernatant. Repeat this step twice.

3. Immunoprecipitation

- 3.1 Remove the tubes from the magnetic separator and add your sample containing Myc-tagged protein to the pre-washed magnetic beads and incubate at room temperature for 2h or overnight at 4°C with mixing.
- 3.2 Collect the beads with a magnetic stand, remove the unbound sample and collect for analysis.
- 3.3 Add 500μ L of IP Lysis/Wash Buffer to the tube and gently mix. Collect the beads and discard the supernatant. Repeat wash twice.

4. Elution

Note: Select one of the elution protocols below. If the eluted Myc-tagged protein will be used for function applications or is sensitive to pH extremes, then elute the protein with HA Peptide.

Gentle Elution Protocol

- 1. Prepare Myc Peptide at 0.2-1mg/mL in TBS.
- 2. Add 100 uL of 0.2-1mg/mL Myc Peptide to the beads, gently vortex to mix and incubate the sample at 4°C on a rotator for 2h-6h.
- 3. Separate the beads on a magnetic stand and save the supernatant containing the target antigen.
- 4. Repeat elution step once for higher recovery.

Chemical Elution Protocols

- 1. Add $100\mu L$ of 1x SDS-PAGE loading buffer to the tube.
- 2. Boil for 5 minutes on a dry bath.
- 3. Magnetically separate the beads and save the supernatant containing the target antigen.
- Acidic Elution
- 1. Add 100µL of 0.1M glycine, pH 3.0.
- 2. Gently vortex to mix and incubate the sample at room temperature on a rotator for 5-10 minutes.
- 3. Magnetically separate the beads and save the supernatant containing the target antigen.
- 4. To neutralize the low pH, add $20\mu L$ of Neutralization Buffer (1 M Tris pH 8.5) for each $100\mu L$ of eluate.

The final solution can be used as samples for denaturing SDS-PAGE. Or the elution can be adjusted to neutral pH with neutralization buffer immediately and used for further analysis.



Troubleshooting

| Problem | Possible Cause | Solution |
|----------------------------|---|---|
| High background band | Non-specific binding of proteins to antibodies, insufficient washing on | The lysate was pretreated to remove non-specific proteins; before the last wash, the entire sample was transferred to a new EP tube |
| | magnetic beads or EP tubes | and centrifuged. |
| | Not enough washing | Increase the time and number of washes |
| No protein band | No or minimal tagged protein was | Verify protein expression; Prepare fresh lysate; Use the |
| | expressed | appropriate protease inhibitor. |
| | Insufficient incubation time | Increase incubation time |
| | Interfering substances in the sample | High concentrations of DTT, 2-mercaptoethanol or other |
| | | reducing agents are present in the lysate. |